

NWS Role in Emergency Planning/Response







Mount Ascutney Regional Commission 6 December 2022

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<u>www.weather.gov/btv</u>





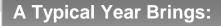
- NWS Overall Mission/Responsibilities
- NWS Role in Emergency Planning, Response
 - Resources Available
- Climate and Climate Change in VT





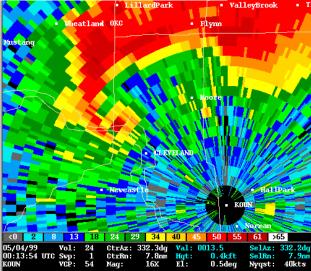
National Weather Service Mission

- Provide climate, water, weather forecasts and warnings to protect life and property and enhance the economy
- Data and products are used by other government agencies, the private sector, the public, and the global community.



- 7-12 Atlantic Tropical Systems
- 1.000 Tornadoes
- 5,000 Floods
- 10,000 Violent Thunderstorms
- Drought Conditions
- 500 Deaths; 5,000 Injuries;\$14 Billion in Losses





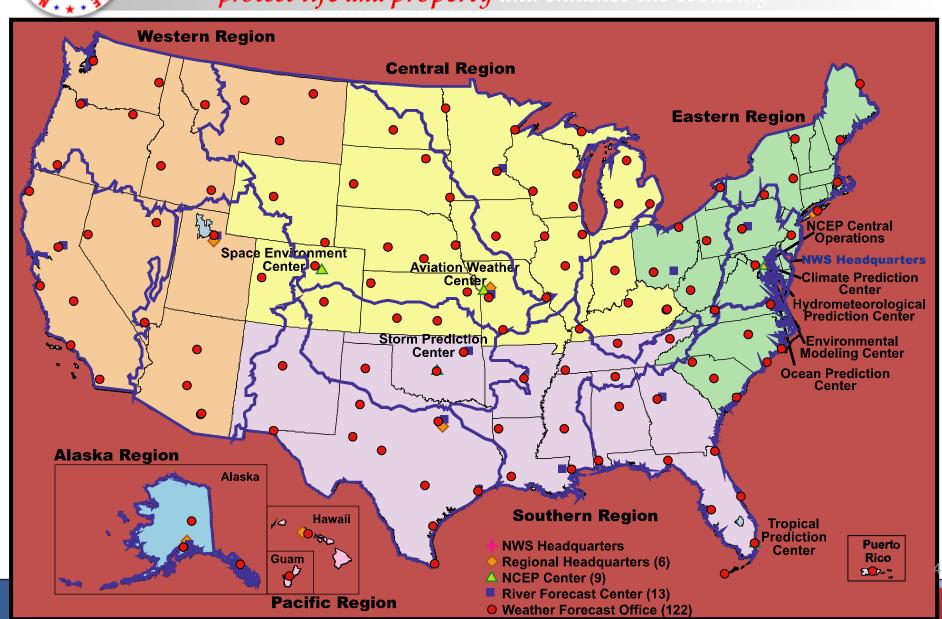






NWS Service Delivery

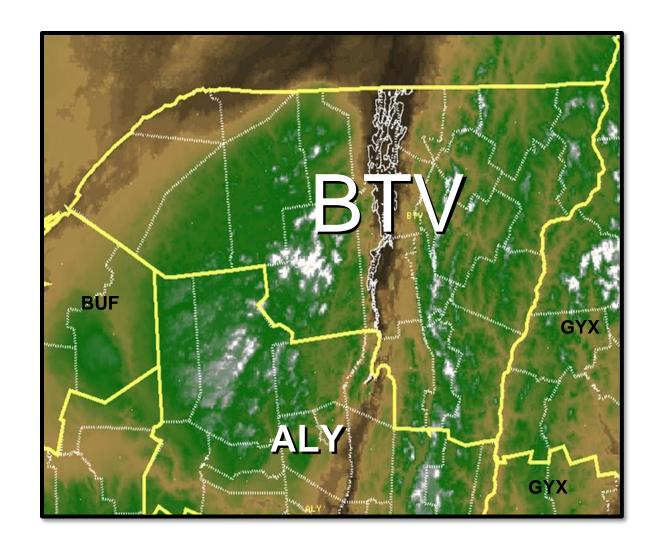
Provide climate, water, weather forecasts and warnings to protect life and property and enhance the economy





NWS Burlington's Area of Responsibility

State Liaison Office with Vermont





NWS Burlington VT

24/7/365 Operations

– Staff (23 total):

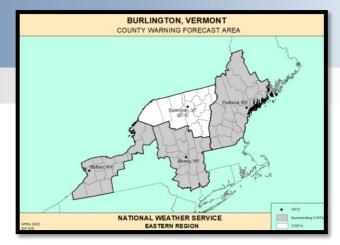
- Operational
 - Meteorologists (13)
 - Senior Service Hydrologist

• Administrative/Management

- Meteorologist in Charge
- Science and Operations Officer
- Warning Coordination Meteorologist
- Electronic Systems Analyst

• Support

- Information Technology
 Officer
- Electronic Technicians (2)
- Observing Program Leader
- Administrative Support Assistant





"Fair Wx Staffing"

3 – Dayshift

2 - Evening/Overnights

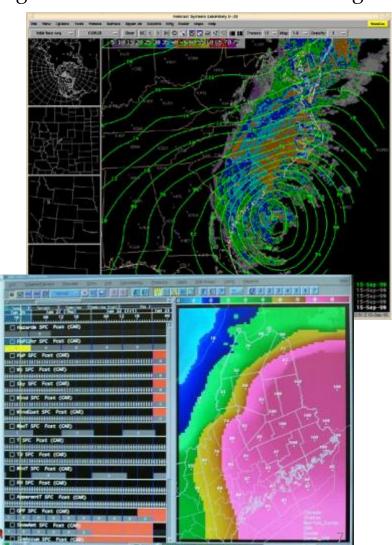




Forecaster's Workstation

Integrates Computer-based Forecast Models, Observations, Satellite, Radar and several programs to help assist the forecaster to generate forecasts and issue warnings.





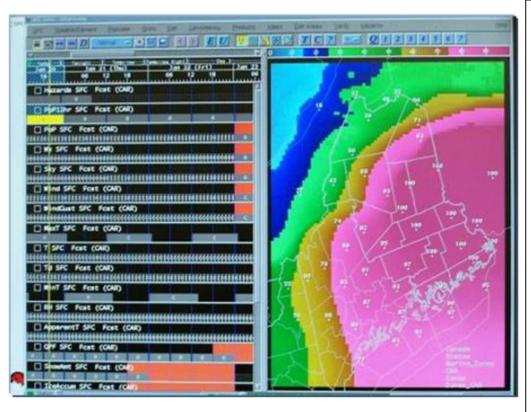






Graphical Forecast Editor

Forecast of Temperature, Dew point, Winds, Sky cover and Precipitation out to 7 days (168 hours)



- Hourly Elements
 - Temperature
 - Dewpoint
 - Wind Direction and Speed
 - Wind gusts
 - Sky cover
 - Chance of precipitation
 - Precipitation type
- 3 and 6 hourly Elements
 - Amount of precipitation
 - Amount of snowfall





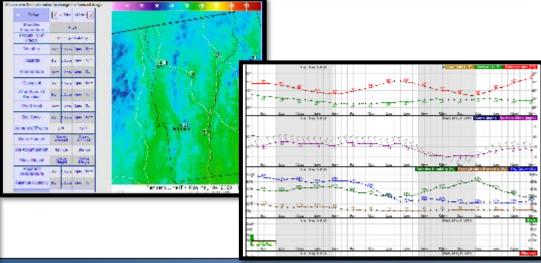


FINAL RESULTS

www.weather.gov/btv



Tonight	A slight chance of rain showers before 5am, then a slight chance of rain and snow showers. Cloudy, with a low around 34. Northwest wind 11 to 14 mph. Chance of precipitation is 20%.
Tuesday	Mostly cloudy, with a high near 51. Northwest wind 11 to 13 mph.
Tuesday Night	Patchy frost after 4am. Otherwise, partly cloudy, with a low around 34. Northwest wind 5 to 8 mph becoming calm in the evening.
Wednesday	Patchy frost before 8am. Otherwise, sunny, with a high near 58. Calm wind becoming north 5 to 7 mph in the morning.
Wednesday Night	Mostly cloudy, with a low around 39. North wind around 5 mph becoming calm in the evening.
Thursday	A 30 percent chance of showers after 3pm. Partly sunny, with a high near 57. Calm wind becoming north around 6 mph in the afternoon.
Thursday Night	A 40 percent chance of showers. Mostly cloudy, with a low around 38. Calm wind becoming west around 5 mph after midnight.
Friday	A chance of showers before 9am, then a chance of showers after 3pm. Partly sunny, with a high near 51. West wind 6 to 9 mph. Chance of precipitation is 30%.
Friday Night	A 40 percent chance of showers. Mostly cloudy, with a low around 32. Northwest wind around 6 mph.
Saturday	A chance of rain and snow showers. Mostly cloudy, with a high near 47. Northwest wind 5 to 10 mph, with gusts as high as 22 mph. Chance of precipitation is 50%.
Saturday Night	A 50 percent chance of showers. Mostly cloudy, with a low around 34. West wind around 9 mph, with gusts as high as 22 mph.
Sunday	Partly sunny, with a high near 50. West wind 9 to 11 mph.
Sunday Night	Mostly cloudy, with a low around 34. West wind 3 to 7 mph.
Monday	A 30 percent chance of showers. Partly sunny, with a high near 53. Calm wind becoming west around 6 mph in the morning.



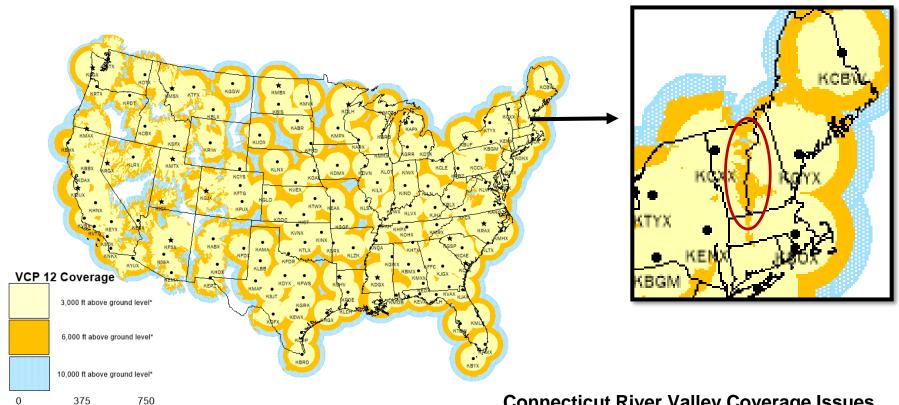






Doppler Radar Coverage

Used for the issuance of Short-fused Warnings (Tornado, Severe T-storm, Flash Flood)



[★]Sites with Low Level Elevation Angle

miles

Connecticut River Valley Coverage Issues

- KCXX Beam blockage from VT's Green Mountains
- KENX Beam blockage from VT's Green Mountains
- KGYX Beam blockage from NH's White Mountains Redundancy, overlapping coverage but sometimes missing lowest 5000 feet circulations.





^{*}Bottom of beam height (assuming Standard Atmospheric Refraction) Terrain Blockage Indicated where 50% or more of beam blocked



Severe Thunderstorm Warning

"Protection of Life and Property by means of timely, accurate warnings and forecasts..."

BULLETIN - IMMEDIATE BROADCAST REQUESTED Severe Thunderstorm Warning National Weather Service Burlington VT 224 PM EDT Wed Jun 30 2021

The National Weather Service in Burlington has issued a

- * Severe Thunderstorm Warning for...

 Southeastern Addison County in central Vermont...

 Northeastern Rutland County in southern Vermont...

 Central Windsor County in southern Vermont...
- * Until 330 PM EDT.
- * At 223 PM EDT, a severe thunderstorm was located near Chittenden, moving east at 30 mph.

HAZARD...60 mph wind gusts and half dollar size hail.

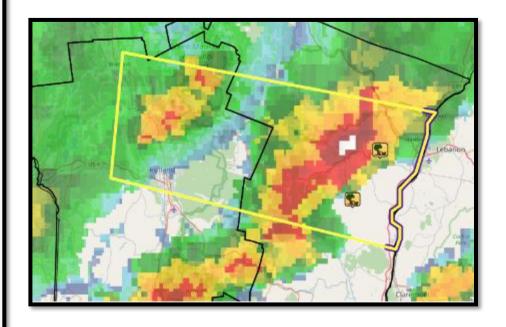
SOURCE...Radar indicated.

IMPACT...Minor hail damage to vehicles is possible. Expect wind damage to trees and powerlines.

* Locations impacted include...
Woodstock, Rutland, White River Junction, Hartland Four Corners,
Killington, Rutland City, Pomfret, Plymouth, Hartland, Chittenden,
West Rutland, Barnard, Windsor, Woodstock Village, Quechee,
Stockbridge, Proctor, Brandon, Bridgewater and Mendon.

PRECAUTIONARY/PREPAREDNESS ACTIONS...

Prepare immediately for large hail and damaging winds. People outside should move immediately to shelter inside a strong building. Stay away from windows.

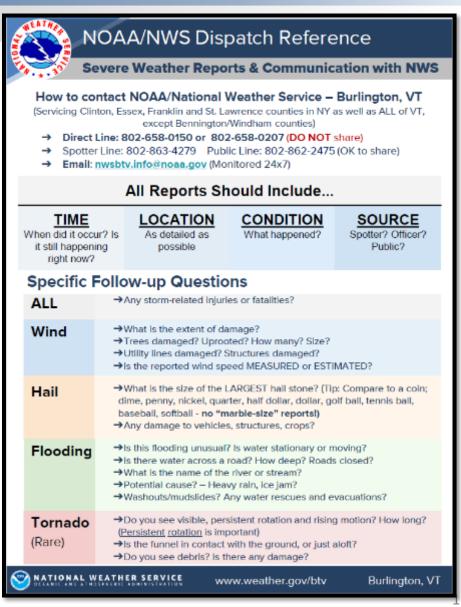






Need Your Assistance - Timely reports

- Storm reports assist in the following ways:
 - On-going warning operations for your community or downstream community
 - Quality control check of what radar shows and what's actually occurring
 - Local verification









NWS Role in Emergency Planning and Response



Vermont Weather and Seasonal Hazards

Four Seasons: Winter, Spring, Summer and Fall

Winter:

Dangerous Cold (Sub-zero temperatures) Snow, Ice, Strong damaging wind storms **Heavy Rain, Flooding, Ice Jams**



Early Season Cold and Snow Late Season Heat and Thunderstorms **Heavy Rain, Snow melt, Flooding**











Summer:

Dangerous Heat Thunderstorms (Lightning, Damaging Wind, Tornado) **Heavy Rain and Flooding**

Autumn:

Early Season Heat and Thunderstorms
Late Season Cold and Snow
Strong damaging wind storms
Tropical Storms
Heavy Rain and Flooding



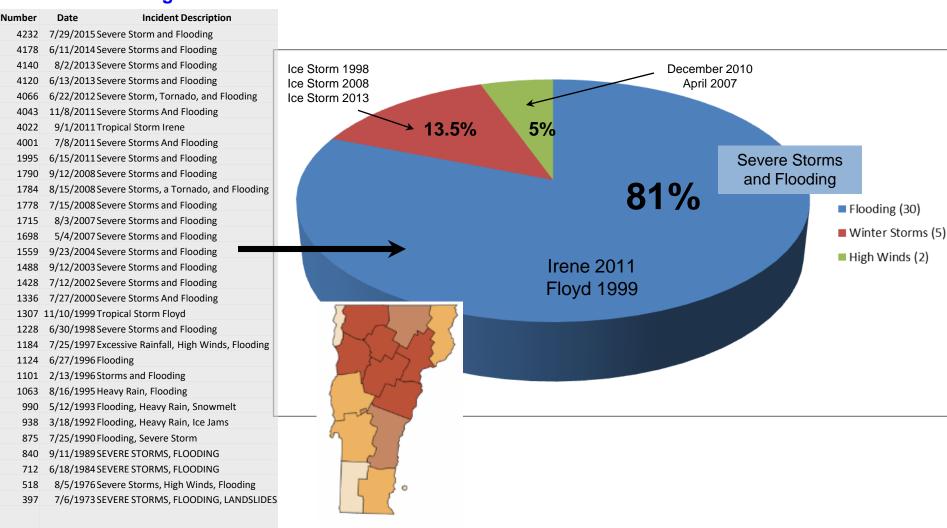




Flooding is VT's #1 Natural Disaster

VT's Greatest Natural Disaster - November 1927 Flood

Flooding







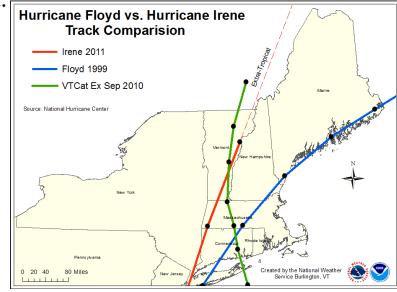
Number of Declarations



NWS Role in Emergency Planning/Response

Planning

- Working with State of VT on VT's State Preparedness Report and State Hazard Mitigation Plan as a subject matter expert.
- Working with Vermont Emergency Management and FEMA I on various **Tabletop Exercises**, Full Scale Exercises and others (VT Cat Ex - 2010).
- Working with Regional Planning Commissions as they develop a Hazard Mitigation Plan (Chittenden).
- Winter/Spring Flood Preparedness Workshops







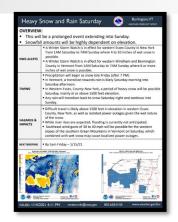




NWS Role in Emergency Planning/Response

Response

- "Heads-up" Situational Briefings several days prior through a potentially impactful event.
- Deployed to VT's State Emergency Operations Center (EOC) when requested for HIGHLY impactful event.
- Provide "For The Record" report and other assistance to the state and federal partners during the Presidential Disaster Assistant process.
- Support for a large, public gathering where weather will impact public safety and will tax the ability of local first responders*









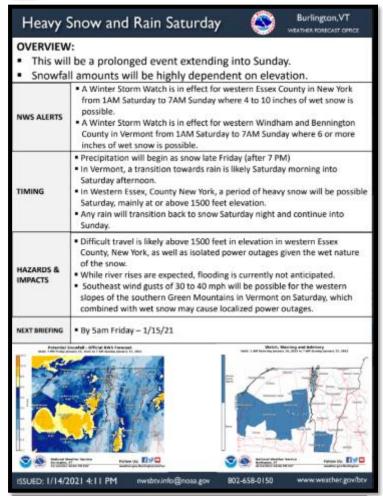


^{*} Must work with local EM/public safety where potential evacuations would require "early warning" to ensure adequate timing and response.



Situational Awareness Emails

Standardized template from office to office, changing this year (FY23).



One-Pager used for simple events or the first few e-mails prior to a big event

- Potential impact events NWS Warning and Advisory level
- More detailed in timing with potential impacts
- Geared toward decision makers for planning
 - EMs, AOT, Public Works, Schools, etc.



Multiple page slide deck for larger and more complex storms







NWS Burlington Webpage

www.weather.gov/btv

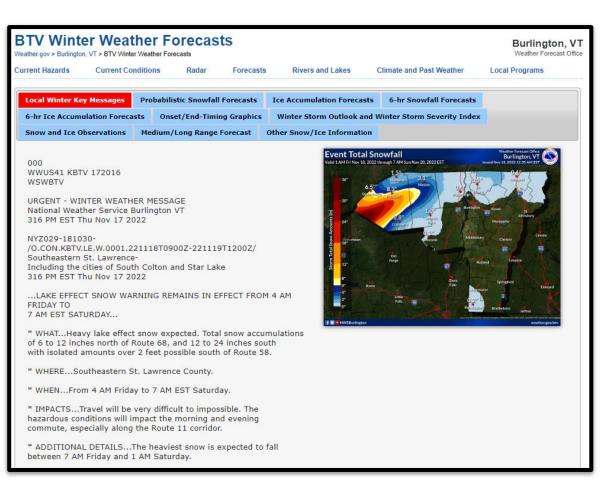
- 7-day point forecast for your town or zip code
- Weather headlines
 - Advisories, Warnings
- Hourly forecasts
- Text forecasts/bulletins
- Winter, Heat, Fire, Aviation, Recreational forecasts, etc.





NWS Winter Weather Pages

NWS Burlington – <u>www.weather.gov/btv/winter</u>



- Winter Headlines
- Storm Total Snowfall Maps
 - Deterministic (Official)
 - Probabilistic
- Six Hourly Snowfall Maps
- Ice Accumulation Maps
- Onset and Ending Times
- Winter Storm Severity Index and more

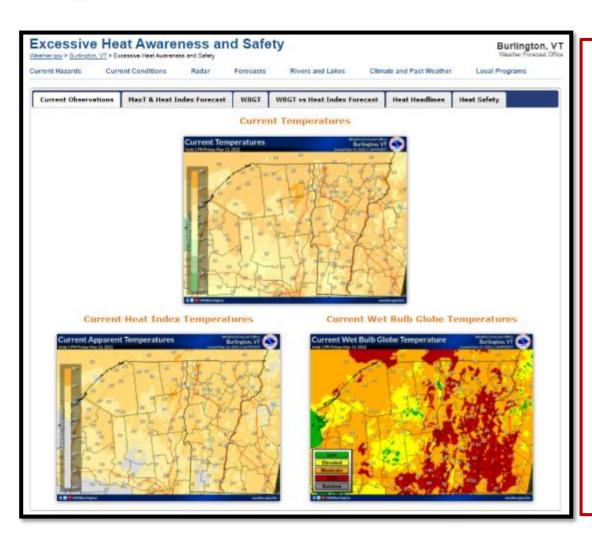






NWS Burlington NEW Heat Page

www.weather/gov/btv/heat



- Current Observations
 - Ambient (Air) temperature
 - Heat Index (HI)
 - Wet Bulb Global Temperature (WBGT)
- Max Temperature vs. HI
- WBGT
 - Definitions, Charts, Forecasts,
 WBGT resources
- WBGT vs. HI
- Heat Safety Resources







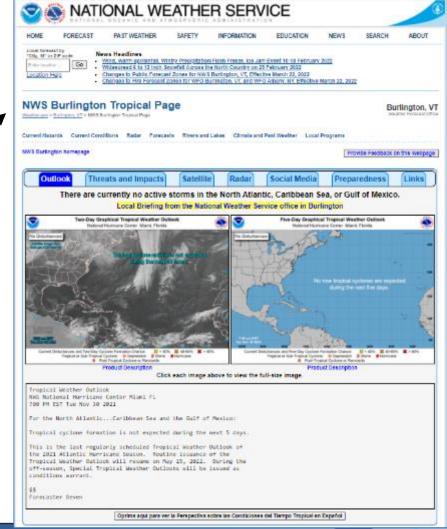
NWS Local Office Tropical Pages

https://www.weather.gov/btv/tropical



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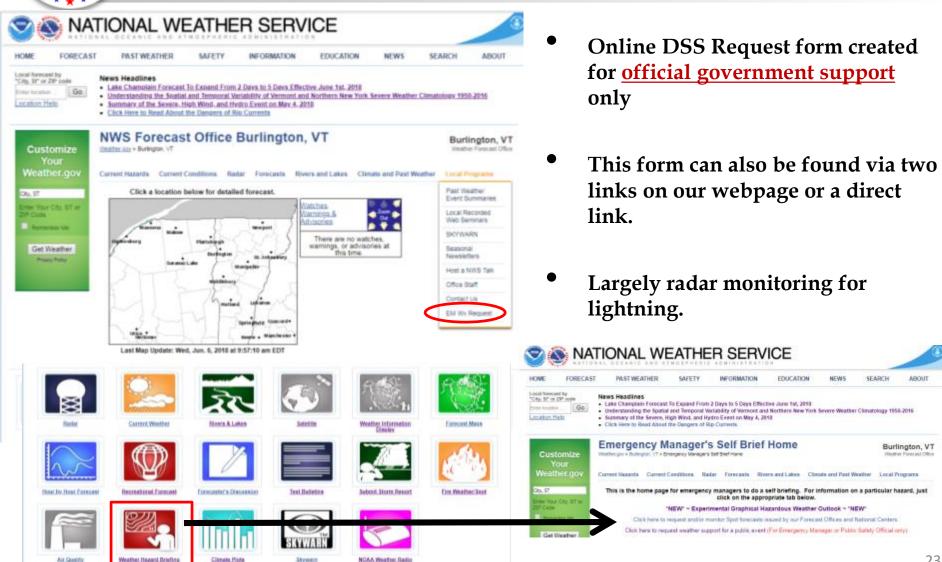






Online DSS Request Form

www.weather.gov/btv/dssrequest





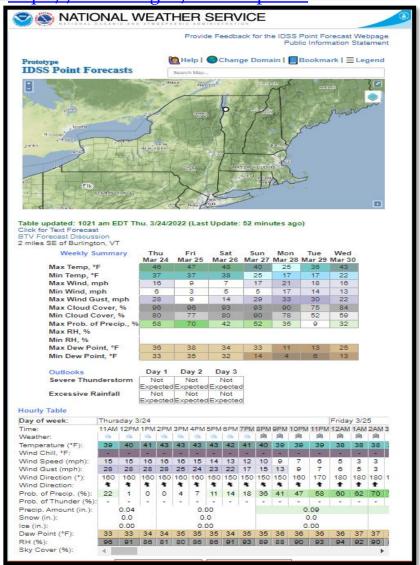




Currently Available via NWS sites

IDSS Point Forecasts - https://weather.gov/forecastpoints

- Intuitive graphics to illustrate forecast elements
- Daily/Hourly
- Search by:
 - City/town
 - Zip code
 - Lat/Lon
 - Мар





VT Climate Assessment 2021

https://site.uvm.edu/vtclimateassessment/









VT Climate Assessment 2021

https://site.uvm.edu/vtclimateassessment/

Climate Change in Vermont

- 1. Vermont's annual average temperature has increased by almost 2°F (1.11°C) since 1900. Winter temperatures have increased 2.5 times faster than annual temperatures over the past sixty years, and the number of very cold nights has decreased by over seven days in the same time period.
- 2. Average annual precipitation in Vermont has increased by 21% since 1900 and has become more variable in the last decade. Annual snowfall has been decreasing since the 1960s, yet winter precipitation has increased, suggesting that more winter precipitation is falling as rain.
- 3. Vermont's freeze-free period has lengthened by three weeks since 1960; the trend has accelerated to an increase of nine days per decade since 1991.
- 4. On average, lakes and ponds across Vermont are icing-out one to three days earlier per decade since the 1970s and 1980s.
- 5. Extreme weather events such as droughts and floods are expected to continue to increase with climate change. Vermont experiences 2.4 more days of heavy precipitation than in the 1960s, most often in summer.







VT Climate Assessment 2021

https://site.uvm.edu/vtclimateassessment/

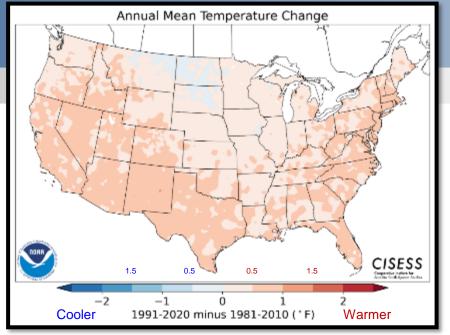
1.2.4 Signs of Climate Change

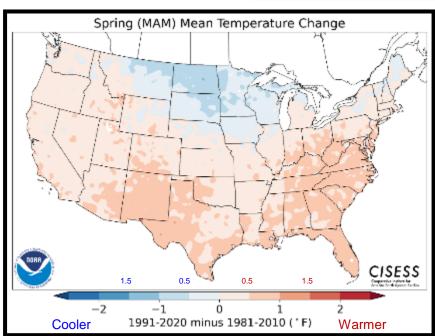
Different parts of the world experience climate change differently. Warm air has the capacity to hold more moisture than cooler air. As the atmosphere's temperature rises, evaporation and humidity increase. Eventually, this water vapor is released as precipitation, effectively increasing rainfall potential in some areas, even as this heat and evaporation cause other regions to suffer more droughts. The high energy in warmer and wetter air can lead to more intense storms, even hurricanes, and increases the potential for more destructive winds and heavier downpours (Dupigny-Giroux et al. 2018; Hayhoe et al. 2018). Climaterelated changes in the atmosphere's energy are increasing the variability in weather due to the stalling of weather patterns and a changing climate baseline. Increased variability means places like Vermont might experience both more frequent dry-spells or drought and more intense rainstorms (Betts 2017).

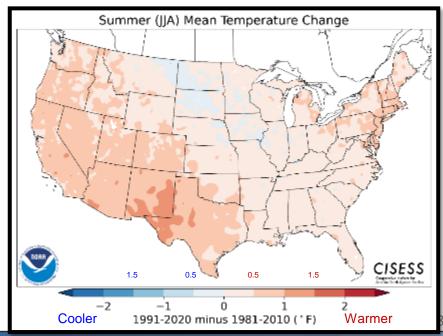








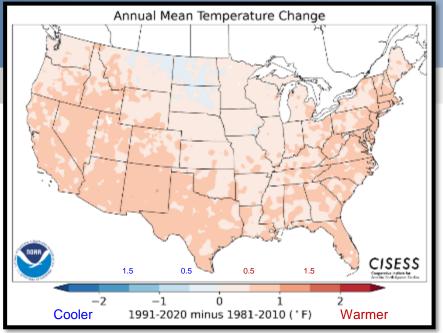


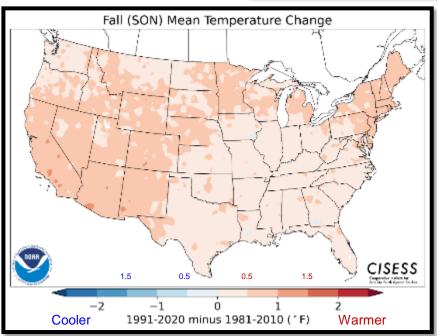


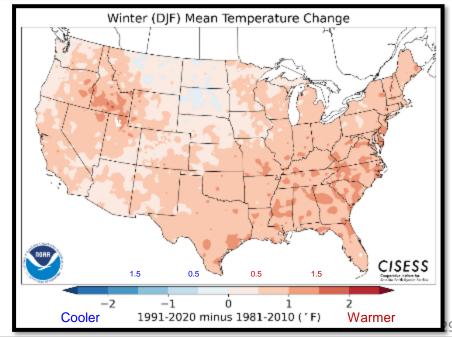


















Monthly Temperatures at Burlington, VT

(1991-2020)

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	DEC	Annual
1961-1990	16.3	18.2	30.7	43.9	56.3	65.2	70.5	67.9	58.9	47.8	36.8	23.0	44.6
1991	18.8	26.5	34.0	49.1	59.3	65.9	70.3	70.5	57.8	50.4	37.6	24.0	47.0
1992	18.5	19.0	26.5	42.3	56.5	64.4	66.1	67.6	60.2	45.5	36.7	28.1	44.3
1993	21.6	10.6	27.4	45.3	56.5	64.7	72.2	70.7	59.1	46.1	36.8	24.6	44.6
1994	7.0	15.4	30.2	44.5	54.7	68.6	74.2	66.5	59.6	49.7	41.1	28.7	45.0
1995	27.9	18.9	35.0	40.4	56.4	69.6	74.6	70.0	57.4	54.1	35.2	22.0	46.8
1996	17.5	21.3	28.5	42.8	54.4	66.3	68.5	68.9	62.0	47.4	32.8	32.6	45.3
1997	19.1	25.0	26.9	41.4	51.4	67.3	68.7	66.8	58.6	46.5	35.1	25.8	44.4
1998	22.7	27.7	34.3	46.4	62.0	66.1	68.9	68.5	61.5	49.5	39.6	31.9	48.3
1999	19.0	24.8	30.8	44.6	59.8	70.5	74.2	68.0	64.5	46.1	42.6	28.7	47.8
2000	18.0	22.1	36.5	42.6	56.7	63.6	67.4	67.7	58.8	48.8	37.2	19.6	44.9
1971-2000	18.0	19.9	30.7	43.5	56.5	65.6	70.6	68.2	59.4	47.7	37.1	24.8	45.2
2001	20.1	22.1	27.1	43.2	58.7	67.2	68.0	72.6	61.3	51.1	42.4	32.6	47.2
2002	27.4	26.1	33.1	46.1	53.0	64.2	70.6	71.3	64.4	46.3	36.1	25.3	47.0
2003	11.8	15.6	30.1	41.4	55.5	65.5	71.4	71.5	63.1	47.3	39.7	24.9	44.8
2004	8.8	19.2	34.8	43.6	58.1	63.1	69.7	67.0	61.1	47.5	37.1	23.9	44.5
2005	15.2	21.9	28.3	46.6	52.4	70.7	72.6	71.1	63.6	50.1	40.4	24.1	46.4
2006	28.2	23.5	32.0	45.9	58.2	66.3	73.3	67.3	60.2	46.9	42.8	32.6	48.1
2007	21.3	14.2	28.5	42.9	56.7	68.0	69.0	69.0	62.8	54.1	35.6	24.6	45.6
2008	25.0	22.3	28.5	49.1	54.0	67.7	70.7	67.0	61.3	46.6	38.2	24.7	46.3
2009	14.0	23.2	32.4	46.1	56.5	64.3	68.2	69.8	59.3	45.9	41.8	25.5	45.6
2010	22.0	26.0	38.0	49.2	60.1	65.2	73.5	70.1	62.7	47.7	37.5	23.5	48.0
1981-2010	18.7	21.5	31.0	44.8	56.3	65.8	70.6	68.8	60.5	48.1	38.2	25.8	45.8
2011	18.2	21.1	29.8	45.4	59.2	66.1	72.8	70.4	64.1	50.1	43.3	30.6	47.6
2012	24.5	28.4	43.2	46.0	61.6	67.8	73.0	72.0	61.8	52.9	36.8	30.8	49.9
2013	21.8	23.9	32.8	44.8	60.7	66.4	73.8	69.4	60.2	51.7	35.6	23.5	47.1
2014	18.3	20.2	22.1	44.6	58.9	68.2	71.5	69.0	62.1	53.5	38.2	30.0	46.4
2015	15.9	7.6	26.4	44.8	63.6	64.8	71.7	72.3	67.4	47.8	43.5	39.2	47.1
2016	24.9	26.3	36.7	41.6	59.5	67.5	72.9	73.7	65.7	51.8	41.0	29.0	49.2
2017	29.6	29.8	27.4	49.5	56.9	67.2	70.6	69.4	65.7	58.6	37.5	22.3	48.7
2018	20.0	30.6	31.3	41.1	62.2	65.9	76.0	74.5	65.8	48.6	33.6	26.8	48.0
2019	17.3	22.2	30.4	45.5	54.9	66.0	74.9	70.2	62.0	52.1	33.0	27.4	46.3
2020	26.1	24.8	37.3	43.4	57.9	69.0	76.8	71.0	62.1	50.1	43.3	31.3	49.4
1991-2020	20.9	22.9	32.3	45.6	58.4	67.5	72.4	70.7	62.7	50.3	39.3	28.2	47.6
2021	23.0	21.8	35.1	48.0	58.9	71.8	69.6	74.4	64.6	55.6	37.9	31.8	49.4

Above Normal Months by **Decade**

1991-2000: 63% 2001-2010: 60% 2011-2020: 74%

Months **Above Normal** May-Oct 2011-2020

55/60 ~ 92%

Top 10 Warmest Years

Rank	Year	Mean Avg Temperature
1	2012	49.9
2	2021	49.4
-	2020	49.4
4	2016	49.2
5	2017	48.7
6	1998	48.3
7	2006	48.1
8	2018	48.0
-	2010	48.0
10	1953	47.9

	<u>JAN</u>	<u>FEB</u>	MAR	<u>APR</u>	MAY	<u>JUN</u>	<u>JUL</u>	AUG	<u>SEP</u>	<u>OCT</u>	NOV	DEC	Annual
2011-2020	21.7	23.5	31.7	44.7	59.5	66.9	73.4	71.2	63.7	51.7	38.6	29.1	48.0
Difference	3.0	2.0	0.7	-0.1	3.2	1.1	2.8	2.4	3.2	3.6	0.4	3.3	2.1
Seasonal Difference		2.7			1.3			2.1			2.4		
1991-2020	20.9	22.9	32.3	45.6	58.4	67.5	72.4	70.7	62.7	50.3	39.3	28.2	47.6
Difference	2.2	1.4	1.3	0.8	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.1	2.4	1.8
Seasonal Difference		2.0			1.4			1.8			1.8		





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WVNY 22-Fox 44 Story

https://www.mychamplainvalley.com/



SHARE







Last week we talked about the fastest warming seasons across the country and in the Queen City. In this week's Two Degree Difference, we're focusing more closely on winter's warmth over the years and just how much our temps have increased since the 1970s.









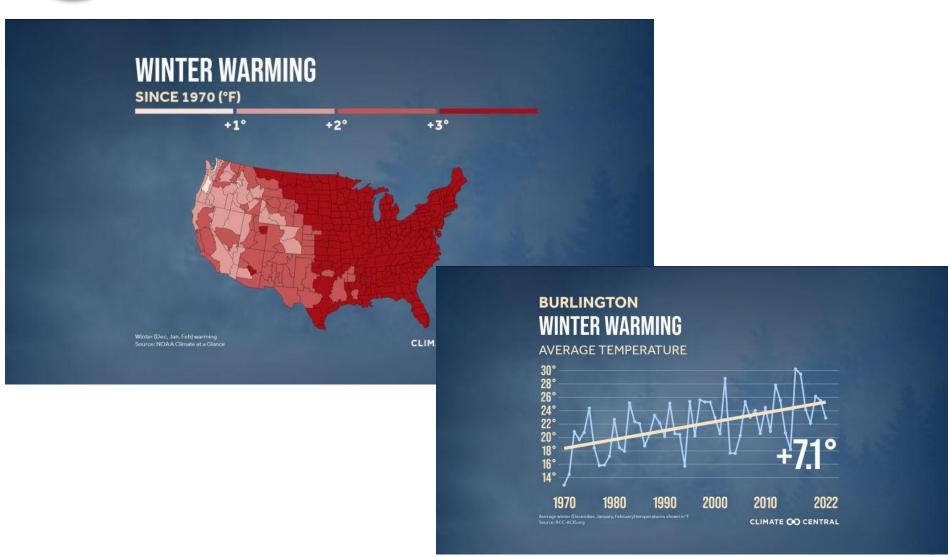


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Climate Central

https://www.climatecentral.org/climate-matters/2022-winter-package









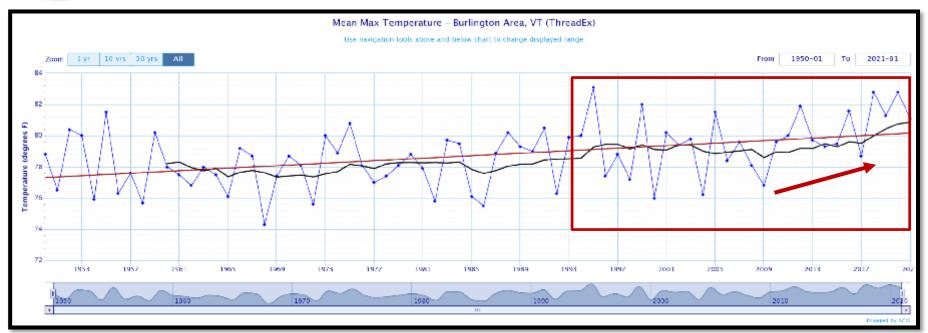
Heat

Increasing Hidden Danger across VT and the Country

Follow Us:



Trend of Summer Mean Maximum Temperatures



5 of the Top 10 Warmest Summer **High Temperatures** have occurred in the last 10 years

	Rank	Year	Mean Max Temperature
	1	1995	83.1
	2	2020	82.8
	-	2018	82.8
	4	1999	82.0
	5	2012	81.9
	6	2016	81.6
	7	2005	81.5
	-	1955	81.5
	9	2019	81.3
	10	2021	81.1

9 of the Top 10 have occurred since 1995







Climatology of Mean # Days ≥ 90°

2002-2021

Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 90
2002	17
2003	6
2004	0
2005	5
2006	6
2007	10
2008	3
2009	2
2010	11
2011	7
2012	13
2013	9
2014	3
2015	9
2016	12
2017	8
2018	17
2019	8
2020	20
2021	14

Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 90
2002	4
2003	0
2004	0
2005	5
2006	3
2007	3
2008	2
2009	0
2010	9
2011	2
2012	7
2013	4
2014	0
2015	3
2016	4
2017	3
2018	12
2019	1
2020	6
2021	2

2002-2021	
GRAND FRANKLIN ORLEANS LAMOILLE 2 ESSEX	
9 CHITTENDEN 2 CALEDONIA ADDISON ORANGE	+
2 7 11 WINJSOR	
BENNINGTON WINDHAM 13	$\frac{1}{2}$
	┸

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vice **Burlington**

Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 90
2002	6
2003	4
2004	0
2005	3
2006	6
2007	5
2008	2
2009	1
2010	5
2011	3
2012	4
2013	4
2014	1
2015	1
2016	3
2017	5
2018	6
2019	2
2020	11
2021	7

	Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 90
	2002	19
	2003	7
	2004	1
	2005	5
	2006	7
	2007	8
	2008	5
	2009	2
	2010	15
	2011	9
Г	2012	20
	2013	11
	2014	1
	2015	5
	2016	7
	2017	6
	2018	14
	2019	6
	2020	10
www.weathe	2021	13
www.weatne		

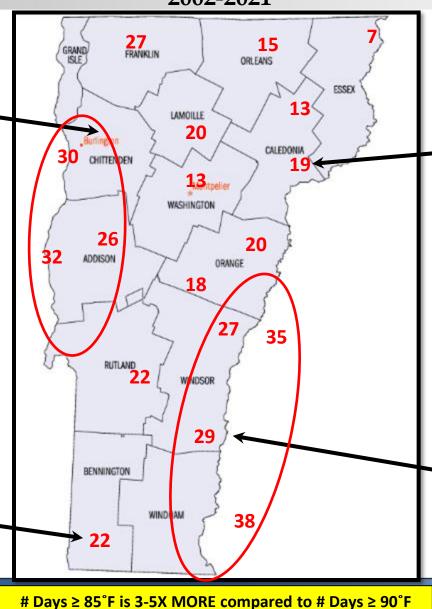


Climatology of Mean # Days ≥ 85°

2002-2021

Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 85
2002	36
2003	28
2004	8
2005	37
2006	23
2007	30
2008	12
2009	14
2010	30
2011	24
2012	37
2013	29
2014	25
2015	41
2016	45
2017	23
2018	49
2019	30
2020	49
2021	37

Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 85
2002	29
2003	11
2004	7
2005	36
2006	17
2007	20
2008	15
2009	10
2010	27
2011	15
2012	32
2013	22
2014	12
2015	26
2016	31
2017	19
2018	35
2019	16
2020	33
2021	24



Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 85
2002	27
2003	13
2004	8
2005	26
2006	23
2007	25
2008	7
2009	10
2010	24
2011	16
2012	20
2013	17
2014	12
2015	18
2016	20
2017	14
2018	24
2019	15
2020	33
2021	23

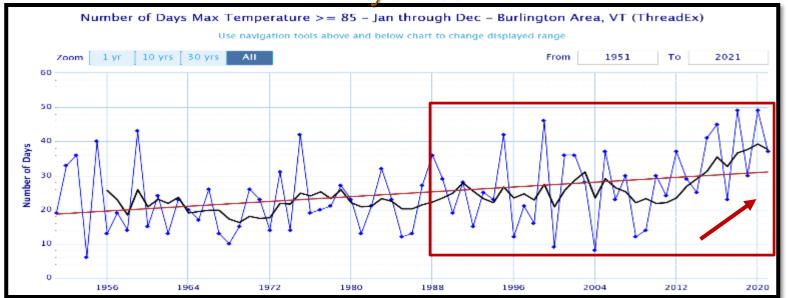
Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 85
2002	40
2003	22
2004	13
2005	41
2006	20
2007	26
2008	14
2009	16
2010	40
2011	29
2012	44
2013	26
2014	17
2015	33
2016	36
2017	23
2018	33
2019	29
2020	40
2021	29



Trend of Summer

Mean Maximum Temperatures

Days ≥ 85°



	Rank	Year	Number of Days Max Temperature >= 85
\longrightarrow	1	2020	49
\longrightarrow		2018	49
	3	1999	46
→	4	2016	45
	5	1959	43
	6	1995	42
	-	1975	42
\rightarrow	8	2015	41
	9	1955	40
→	10	2021	37
—	-	2012	37
ervice	-	2005	37

6 of the Top 10
have occurred in
the last 10 years
and 8 out of 10
since 1995





Future

- According to VT Department of Health's Heat Vulnerability in Vermont report (May 2016)*, working with the Vermont State Climate office.
- Hot Day ~ statewide average temperature ≥87F°
 - Since 2000: Observed average was 7-9+ days/per year (2015).
 NOW it's more like 8-12 days/per year.
 - Mid-century: Forecast is 15 to 20 days/per year
 - End of century: **Forecast** is 20 to 34 days/per year

^{*}https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/2016/12/ENV_EPHT_heat_vulnerability_in_VT_0.pdf

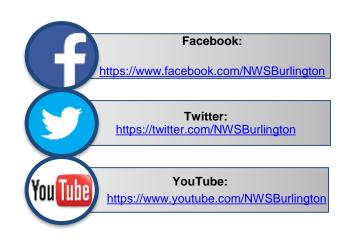




Any Questions?

Office Contact Information - Most timely, greatest dissemination





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