

Checklist for Vermont School Substance Use Policies and Procedures

This comprehensive checklist is intended for use by schools and communities in partnership with their local prevention coalitions.

In addition to Vermont state statutes and the Vermont State Board of Education Manual of Rules and Practices, content in this checklist is adapted from the following sources:

- Vermont Agency of Education and Department of Health joint statement: <u>Comprehensive School-Based Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drug Prevention</u>, Nov. 2015
- Tobacco-free Schools Policy: Checklist Toolkit, developed by the Rocky Mountain Center for Health Promotion and Education, 2010
- Maine School Substance Use Policy Guide, 2014
- Guidance on School Policies Regarding Substance Use Prevention, Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education, Sept. 2016

This tool includes numerous best practices that can strengthen a school's policies and procedures for addressing and preventing substance use. Not all best practices may be applicable or appropriate for a particular school, but by including them, we hope schools will choose to incorporate those elements that will help them achieve their health and wellness goals related to substance use.

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Checklist Completed by:		
Date:		

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Section 1: Substance-Free Schools Written Policy and Procedure Content

Meets Standards of Vermont Statutes

This section assesses whether written policies and procedures are consistent with Vermont statutes regulating substances, including tobacco, alcohol, and marijuana.

The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
1. Prohibits use of tobacco products or tobacco					
substitutes on public school grounds or at public school-					
sponsored functions. (<u>16 VSA §140</u>)					
2. Defines tobacco to mean all forms of tobacco and					
tobacco use.					
 "Tobacco products" means cigarettes, little cigars, 					
roll-your-own tobacco, snuff, cigars, new smokeless					
tobacco, and other tobacco products as defined in					
32 VSA § 7702. (<u>7 VSA §1001(3)</u>)					
 "Tobacco substitute" means products, including 					
electronic cigarettes or other electronic or battery-					
powered devices, that contain and are designed to					
deliver nicotine or other substances into the body					
through inhaling vapor and that have not been					
approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration					
for tobacco cessation or other medical purposes.					
Products that have been approved by the U.S. Food					
and Drug Administration for tobacco cessation or					
other medical purposes shall not be considered to					
be tobacco substitutes. (7 VSA §1001(8))					
 "Tobacco paraphernalia" means any device used, 					
intended for use, or designed for use in smoking,					
inhaling, ingesting, or otherwise introducing					
tobacco products into the human body, or for					
preparing tobacco for smoking, inhaling, ingesting,					
or otherwise introducing into the human body,					
including devices for holding tobacco, rolling paper,					
wraps, cigarette rolling machines, pipes, water					
pipes, carburetion devices, bongs, and hookahs. (7					
VSA §1001(7))					

Meets Standards of Vermont Statutes This section access whether prolitics and proceedures are consistent with Vermont statutes required as heading to be seen.

This section assesses whether written policies and procedures are consistent with Vermont statutes regulating substances, including tobacco, alcohol, and marijuana.

The	e written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
3.	States that possession of tobacco products, tobacco					
	substitutes, or tobacco paraphernalia by a person under					
	21 years of age is against the law. (7 VSA §1005(a)(1))					
4.	States that possession of marijuana or hashish by					
	persons under 21 years of age is against the law. (<u>18</u>					
	<u>VSA §4230b</u>)					
5.	States that possession and consumption of malt or					
	vinous beverages, spirits, or fortified wines by persons					
	under 21 years of age is against the law. (7 VSA					
	§656(a)(1))					
6.	States that dispensing marijuana to persons under 21					
	years of age is against the law. (18 VSA §4230f(a)(1))					
7.	States that furnishing alcoholic beverages to persons					
	under 21 years of age is against the law. (7 VSA					
	<u>§658(a)(1)</u>)					
8.	States that a person under 21 who possesses or					
	consumes alcoholic beverages shall be referred to the					
	Court Diversion Program for enrollment in the Youth					
	Substance Abuse Safety Program. (7 VSA §656(a)(2))					
9.	States that a person under 21 years of age who					
	knowingly and unlawfully possesses one ounce or less					
	of marijuana or five grams or less of hashish shall be					
	referred to the Court Diversion Program for enrollment					
	in the Youth Substance Abuse Safety Program. (<u>18 VSA</u>					
	§4230b(a))					

Complies with Vermont State Board of Education Rules This section assesses whether the written policies contain provisions consistent with Vermont State Board of Education Rules, Series 4200, Alcohol and Drugs (based on statutory authority in 16 VSA §1165) and 4300. Disciplinary Action (based on 16 VSA §1162).

The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
10. Defines alcohol and drug abuse (substance abuse) as:					
"the ingestion of a substance in such a way that it					
interferes with a person's ability to perform physically,					
intellectually, emotionally or socially." (Rule 4211)					
11. Contains a statement of philosophy that outlines					
concern with the health and well-being of all students					
and takes into consideration the individual needs of					
students with problems as well as the right of the					
majority of students to an education. (Rule 4212.1)					
12. Defines an educational program consistent with the					
Vermont Alcohol and Drug Education Curriculum Plan.					
(Rule 4212.2) ¹					
13. Provides for a support and referral system for students					
in distress due to their own or another's use of alcohol					
or other drugs. Such a system shall include:					
 a clearly defined in-school process for initial 					
assessment, support, and if necessary, referral to					
community resources					
 a written referral agreement with at least one 					
community substance abuse treatment provider					
approved by the Office of Alcohol and Drug Abuse					
Programs. Such an agreement should define the					
process for making an effective referral and the					
nature and extent of information to be provided					
during and after such a referral to all parties					
involved.					
(Rule 4212.3)					
14. Provides for the handling of any alcohol/drug-related					
incident until the student has been discharged to the					
parent, guardian, social service, medical or law					
enforcement agency. (Rule 4212.3A)					

Although the state rules reference this plan, it is not referenced in the joint statement issued by the VT Agency of Education and Department of Health, Comprehensive School-Based Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Prevention in its section on Classroom-based Health Education.

Complies with Vermont State Board of Education Rules

This section assesses whether the written policies contain provisions consistent with Vermont State Board of Education Rules, <u>Series 4200</u>, Alcohol and Drugs (based on statutory authority in 16 VSA §1165) and 4300, Disciplinary Action (based on 16 VSA §1162).

The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
15. Establishes procedures for administering emergency					
first-aid related to alcohol and drug abuse. The					
procedures will define the roles of the personnel					
involved. (Rule 4212.3B)					
16. Affords students subject to disciplinary action due					
process as follows, per Rule 4311.1 and 4311.2:					
 In all cases of short-term suspension (usually 10 					
days or less), the student and their parent/guardian					
shall be given an opportunity for an informal					
hearing before an appropriately designated school					
official. The hearing must precede the suspension,					
except in cases where the student is a threat to					
themselves or others (see Rule 4311.3). The school					
district shall provide:					
 Notice of charges 					
 Explanation of evidence against the student 					
 Opportunity for student to tell their side of the 					
story					
 Decision in writing to the parent/guardian 					
 In all cases of long-term suspension (generally 10+ 					
days unless the school district establishes a shorter					
period) the student and their parent/guardian shall					
be given an opportunity for a formal hearing before					
the school board and the district shall provide:					
 written notice of the following: (a) nature of 					
charges against the student; (b) date, time and					
place of hearing; (c) right to legal representation;					
(d) possible penalties involved					
 opportunity to present evidence 					
 opportunity to cross-examine witnesses 					
 decision in writing to parent/guardian 					
When a student, because of their conduct or					
condition, is an immediate threat to themselves,					
others, property or educational environment, the					

Complies with Vermont State Board of Education Rules

This section assesses whether the written policies contain provisions consistent with Vermont State Board of Education Rules, <u>Series 4200</u>, Alcohol and Drugs (based on statutory authority in 16 VSA §1165) and 4300, Disciplinary Action (based on 16 VSA §1162).

The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
school district may take whatever action is					
appropriate under the circumstances, including, but					
not limited to, immediate suspension pending a					
hearing as soon as possible thereafter.					
 See also Rule 4311.3 for provisions covering 					
qualified individuals with disabilities as defined by					
Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.					

Includes Best Practices for Written Policy and Procedure Content

These practices are drawn from guides and checklists developed by other states

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The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps	
17. Includes a rationale for being substance-free.						
Example: "The School Board and staff of the school unit						
support a safe and healthy learning environment for						
students which is free of the detrimental effects of drugs						
and alcohol. Accomplishing this goal requires a						
cooperative effort among school staff, students,						
parents, law enforcement and organizations concerned						
with the use of drugs and alcohol by school-aged youth."						
18. Establishes a protocol for communicating the policy,						
procedures, and rationale to all students, staff, parents,						
and visitors.						
19. Establishes a procedure for communicating student						
substance-free school violations to parents/guardians.						
20. Clearly lays out prohibitions, enforcement, and						
consequences so that students and their families, staff,						
and visitors can understand what is not allowed, how						
the policy will be enforced, and the consequences for						
breaking the rules.						
21. Includes language restricting items from school property						
that might contribute to substance use and acceptability						
(such as lighters, clothing, hats, stickers, or buttons with						
logos).						

ncludes Best Practices for Written Policy and Procedure Content These practices are drawn from guides and checklists developed by other states						
The written policy:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps	
22. Includes a requirement for prevention education for all students.						
23. Includes provisions against accepting funds or in-kind donations from tobacco, alcohol, marijuana, and other drug industries.						
24. Includes language prohibiting advertising of products that cannot be sold to minors in school buildings and at school functions.						
25. Includes procedures for periodic review and revision, including timetable, procedures for convening a policy committee, and the process for evaluating, reviewing, and revising the policy.						
26. Sets out standards for involving both the school and the community in developing and revising policies and procedures, including stakeholders such as school administrators; school board or school policy committee; teachers and staff; students; parents and						
guardians; community members; law enforcement; and prevention, intervention, and treatment professionals.						

Section 2: Communicating Policy and Procedures

Incorporates Applicable Best Practices for Communicating I	Policie	s and I	Procedure	es	
These practices are drawn from guides and checklists develo	ped by	other	rstates		
The school:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
27. Posts substance-free signage at all main entrances or sections of the building, event locations (sports fields, auditoriums etc.) and on district buses/vehicles. (See Signage Activity at the end of this section for a more comprehensive list of locations.) The signage should include language covering, at a minimum, all legal agerestricted substances, e.g., "This School (or School					•
Property) is Substance-Free. Thank you for not using alcohol, tobacco, vapor or marijuana products."					
28. Includes statements in the student handbook regarding no-substance use, and requires both a student signature and a parent/guardian signature acknowledging that they understand the policy and what will happen if the student violates the policy. Statements should be easily understandable and culturally appropriate.					
29. Includes no-substance use requirements in athletic contracts and requires both a student and a parent/guardian signature.					
30. Includes no-substance use language in the employee handbook, including legal substances that may not be used during work, including alcohol, tobacco and tobacco substitutes, and marijuana, including marijuana-infused edibles.					
31. Includes no-substance use agreements in contracts with outside vendors or groups using school facilities (e.g., landscaping companies, construction companies, youth groups, recreation departments and others), if applicable.					

Incorporates Applicable Best Practices for Communicating Policies and Procedures						
These practices are drawn from guides and checklists develong the school:	i		Partial	Notes	Pasammandations on Novt Stone	
32. Explains Vermont laws and district/school policy/procedures applicable to substance use and possession on school property, the rationale for being substance-free, consequences for violations, and available resources via a variety of channels, including: newsletter articles, town bulletin boards, listservs or other electronic messaging channels, and other communications to parents/guardians and the broader community.	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps	
33. Provides a process to address community questions and concerns while promoting the value of the policy/procedures.						
34. Makes announcements at school events (e.g., sporting events, school plays, talent shows etc.) to remind students, staff, and visitors of the policy.						

ncorporates Best Practice Resources and Programs for Prevention and Cessation/Recovery							
Except where noted, these practices are drawn from guides and checklists developed by other states							
The school:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps		
35. Implements a comprehensive health education							
curriculum, including substance use prevention							
concepts and student skill development. Health							
education must be based on the National Health							
Education Standards adopted by the VT State Board of							
Education and curricula should be aligned with the							
CDC's Characteristics of Effective Health Education							
Curriculum. (VT AOE and VDH Statement:							
Comprehensive School-Based Alcohol, Tobacco, and							
other Drug Prevention)							
If yes, in the "Notes" indicate what education is being done							
and at what grade levels.							

Except where noted, these practices are drawn from guides a The school:	Yes		Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
36. Includes an evidence-based education component in	163	140	raitiai	Notes	Recommendations on wext steps
the prevention curriculum designed for					
parents/guardians to help keep students safe from					
substance use by modeling skills and attitudes at home.					
37. Has a plan in place to promote and maintain a healthy,					
positive school climate, including a process for routine					
evaluation of health, safety, and school climate.					
38. Applies a Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)					
framework to promote healthy behaviors for all					
students. (recommendation from VT AOE and VDH					
Statement: Comprehensive School-Based Alcohol,					
Tobacco, and other Drug Prevention)					
39. Provides annual training for faculty and staff on early					
warning signs and behaviors that indicate a student					
may be experiencing substance use problems and					
protocols to be followed. Training should include					
orientation to new and trending substances and					
paraphernalia to assist with identifying students who					
are using substances.					
40. Has resources visibly available to encourage					
tobacco/nicotine cessation for students, staff, visitors,					
and parents/guardians (e.g., posters, tip cards,					
brochures for telephone-based counseling, web-based					
programs, local resources or state resources).					
41. Provides assistance to students who want to quit using					
tobacco, tobacco substitutes, or nicotine products, for					
example partnering with a medical provider to					
prescribe nicotine replacements at in-school clinics					
with parental permission. If yes, in the "Notes" indicate					
what cessation assistance is offered.					
42. Has resources visibly available to support students,					
staff, visitors, and parents/guardians struggling with					
alcohol or drug use (e.g., posters, tip cards, brochures					
for telephone-based counseling, web-based programs,					
local resources or state resources).					

The school:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
43. Has procedures for reintegrating students who have					·
been absent while in recovery from drug or alcohol use.					
44. Partners with the local prevention coalition on parent					
outreach and community engagement around mutually					
supportive strategies to promote youth involvement in					
the community and discourage substance use (e.g.,					
joins community coalitions, sponsors student advocacy					
groups (e.g., VKAT, OVX), or runs state-wide media					
campaigns on the school website or social media					
channels)					
45. Provides information to students, staff, visitors and					
parents/guardians regarding substance use prevention					
efforts and the health risks of substance use for youth.					
46. Provides information to students, staff, visitors and					
parents/guardians regarding the dangers of					
secondhand tobacco and marijuana smoke.					
47. Maintains a resource list of the currently available					
network of services available to students and their					
families.					

Signage Review Activity					
Signage explaining substance-free policy is clearly posted:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
48. At main entrances to the building					
49. At perimeters of the school/district property					
50. In parking lots					
51. At major walkways					
52. At all major entry ways					
53. Near the main office					

Signage Review Activity					
Signage explaining substance-free policy is clearly posted:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
54. In the nurse's office					
55. In all auditoriums					
56. In all gymnasiums					
57. At all athletic fields, especially in the spectator area					
58. At major student gathering places					
59. In all restrooms					
60. In loading areas					
61. In major stairwells					
62. In school or district vehicles/buses					

Section 3: Substance Use Behavior and Enforcement

Assessing Substance Use Behavior

The information gathered in this section can help inform an assessment of the effectiveness of the policy and procedures. These practices are drawn from guides and checklists developed by other states

School property and events:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
63. Students are seen consuming tobacco, tobacco					
substitutes, drugs, or alcohol on school property. This					
includes vaping, juuling, chew, or other forms of					
tobacco, as well as marijuana-infused edibles. <i>Note</i>					
that in this section of the checklist, "seen" includes not					
only first-hand observation, but also viewing images					
posted on social media that purport to have been taken					
on school property.					
64. Staff are seen consuming tobacco, tobacco substitutes,					
drugs, or alcohol on school property or in school					
vehicles.					
65. Students, and/or staff are seen consuming tobacco,					
tobacco substitutes, drugs, or alcohol in district					
vehicles or in private vehicles on school and/or district					
property.					
66. Visitors (including parents) are seen consuming					
tobacco, tobacco substitutes, drugs, or alcohol on					
school property.					
67. Students, staff, parents, and/or visitors are seen					
consuming tobacco, tobacco substitutes, drugs, or					
alcohol at school-sponsored events (on or off campus).					
68. Students are seen during school hours near school					
property consuming tobacco, tobacco substitutes,					
drugs, or alcohol.					
69. There is evidence of tobacco/nicotine use on school					
property (e.g., cigarette butts; packaging for cigarettes,					
nicotine pods, or e-juice; chew tobacco tins, tobacco					
spit in sinks; tobacco or nicotine paraphernalia).					
70. There is evidence or alcohol or drug use on school					
property (e.g., empty alcohol containers, marijuana					
paraphernalia, used syringes).					

Assessing Policy and Procedure Enforcement					
These practices are drawn from guides and checklists developed by other states					
The school:	Yes	No	Partial	Notes	Recommendations on Next Steps
71. Enforces substance-free policy with students equally					
and utilizes clear procedures for handling violations.					
72. Utilizes a progressive discipline plan to enforce					
tobacco/nicotine policy with students (e.g., the					
consequences are less punitive for first offenses and					
become more punitive with repeated offenses. Less					
punitive options may include tobacco education versus					
suspension).					
73. Where appropriate, utilizes a progressive discipline					
plan to enforce the substance use policy for substances					
other than tobacco/nicotine (e.g., the consequences					
are less punitive for first offenses and become more					
punitive with repeated offenses).					
74. Enforces the substance-free policy with staff and					
utilizes clear and consistent procedures for handling					
violations.					
75. Enforces the substance-free policy with visitors and					
utilizes clear procedures for handling violations (e.g.,					
providing information about applicable Vermont law					
and school policy, providing cessation/recovery					
information).					
76. Identifies staff responsible for monitoring and					
enforcing the policy.					
77. Provides annual training for faculty and staff regarding					
substance use policy and enforcement strategies so					
that all staff know the district and school policies,					
procedures, and protocols for prevention, intervention,					
and follow-up in preventing and responding to					
substance use.					

Section 4: Action Plan for Policy/Procedure Revisions

Use this template to create your action plan for revising your policy									
Action Steps	Responsible Parties	Timeline	Resources	Potential Barriers	Status/Progress Notes				
Pull from	Who will be								
Recommended Next	accountable for seeing								
Steps in each part of the	that this gets done?								
Checklist	Who will support that								
	work?								
1.	Lead:	Start date:	Available:	Barriers:					
	Partners:	Projected completion:	Needed:	Plan to overcome:					
2.	Lead:	Start date:	Available:	Barriers:					
	Partners:	Projected completion:	Needed:	Plan to overcome:					
3.	Lead:	Start date:	Available:	Barriers:					
	Partners:	Projected completion:	Needed:	Plan to overcome:					
4.	Lead:	Start date:	Available:	Barriers:					
	Partners:	Projected completion:	Needed:	Plan to overcome:					
5.	Lead:	Start date:	Available:	Barriers:					
	Partners:	Projected completion:	Needed:	Plan to overcome:					